

2.9 - Actuators general

radius = 0.08 in
 $T = 500 \text{ lb}$
 $\sigma_m = 12 \text{ ksi}$
 $E = 10.1 \times 10^6 \text{ psi}$

$$\textcircled{1} \sigma_m = \frac{F}{A}$$

$$A = \frac{F}{\sigma_m}$$

$$T \pi r^2 = \frac{F}{\sigma_m} = \frac{500 \text{ lb}}{12 \text{ ksi}}$$

$$r = 0.085 \text{ in}$$

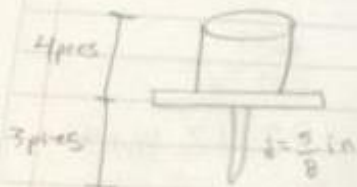
$$d = 0.1701 \text{ in}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \delta = \frac{PL}{AE}$$

$$L = \frac{\delta AE}{P} = \frac{(0.1701 \text{ in}) (\pi (0.085 \text{ in})^2) (10.1 \times 10^6 \text{ psi})}{500 \text{ lb}}$$

$$L = 36.67 \text{ in}$$

2.15 -



$$A = 1.75 \text{ in}^2 \quad \textcircled{1} \sigma = E \epsilon$$

$$\delta = (15,000) (4 \text{ ft} + 12)$$

$$\left(\pi \left(\frac{0.375}{2} \right)^2 \right) (2.9 \times 10^6 \text{ psi})$$

$$E = 29 \times 10^6 \text{ psi} \text{ upper}$$

$$E = 10.4 \times 10^6 \text{ psi} \text{ lower}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \delta = \frac{(15,000) (4 \text{ ft} + 12)}{(1.75 \text{ in}^2) (10.4 \times 10^6 \text{ psi})} = \delta_{BC} = 14161.9 \mu\text{m}$$

$$\delta_{BA} = 0.0395 \text{ in}$$

$$\delta = \delta_{BC} + \delta_{BA} = 0.1011 \text{ in}$$

Z.17

$$E = 70.6 \text{ Pa}$$

$$L = 250 \text{ mm}$$

$$d_{\text{out}} = 36 \text{ mm}$$

$$d_{\text{in}} = 28$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \text{Free } \rightarrow \\ \text{---} \end{array} \begin{array}{l} 1.5 \text{ mm} \\ E = 105 \text{ GPa} \end{array}$$

① TUBO:

$$\Delta L_{\text{TUBO}} - \Delta L_{\text{BARRA}} = \Delta L_{\text{TOTAL}} = \frac{PL}{AE}$$

$$\frac{1.5 \text{ mm}}{4} = \Delta L_{\text{TOTAL}}$$

$$0.375 \text{ mm} = \Delta L_{\text{TOTAL}}$$

$$\epsilon = \frac{\Delta L}{L} = \frac{0.375 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}}{250 \text{ m}} = 1.5 \times 10^{-3}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \text{TUBO} \\ \sigma = E \epsilon \rightarrow \sigma = (70 \times 10^9) (1.5 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}) \\ \sigma = 105 \text{ MPa} \end{array}$$

$$A_1 = \pi \left(\frac{0.036}{2} \right)^2 = 1.017 \times 10^{-3}$$

$$A_2 = \pi \left(\frac{0.028}{2} \right)^2 = 6.1575 \times 10^{-4}$$

$$\sigma = \frac{P}{A}$$

$$P = \sigma A \quad P = 42.13 \text{ kN}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad \Delta L_{\text{TUBO}} = \frac{PL}{AE} = \frac{(42.13 \times 10^3) (250)}{(1.017 \times 10^{-3} - 6.1575 \times 10^{-4}) (70 \times 10^9)}$$

$$= 3.7498 \times 10^{-4} \text{ m}$$

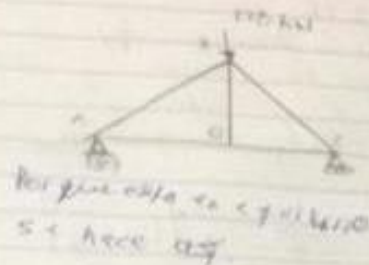
$$\Delta L_{\text{TOTAL}} = \Delta L_{\text{TUBO}} - \Delta L_{\text{BARRA}} \rightarrow \Delta L_B = 3.7498 \times 10^{-4} - \Delta L_B$$

2.23

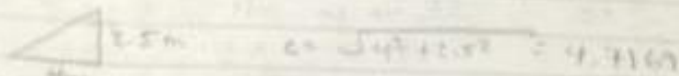
$E = 200 \text{ GPa}$

$AB = 2400 \text{ mm}^2$

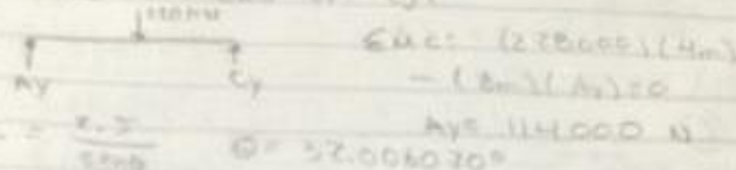
$AD = 1800 \text{ mm}^2$



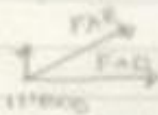
① sacar distancia



② calcular las fuerzas en eje



$\frac{4.7169}{\sin 32} = \frac{2.5}{\sin \theta}$ $\theta = 32.006070^\circ$



$\sum F_{y0} = 0$

$114000 + F_{AD} \sin(32.006070) = 0$

$F_{AD} = \frac{-114000}{\sin(32)} = -215120 \text{ N}$

$\delta_{AD} = \frac{PL}{AE} = \frac{(-215120 \text{ N})(4 \text{ m})}{(2400 \times 10^6 \text{ mm}^2)(200 \times 10^9 \text{ Pa})} = -2.1139 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}$

③ $\sum F_x = 0$

$F_{AD} + F_{AD} \cos(32) = 0$

$F_{AD} = 182.43 \text{ kN}$

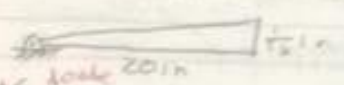
$\delta = \frac{(182430 \text{ N})(4 \text{ m})}{(1800 \times 10^6 \text{ mm}^2)(200 \times 10^9 \text{ Pa})} = 2.027 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}$

2.26

Alambre $\frac{3}{32}$ in. \times 20 in. y el plato E

$E = 29 \times 10^6$ psi

Donde se produce el tipo para ray contacto entre E y E



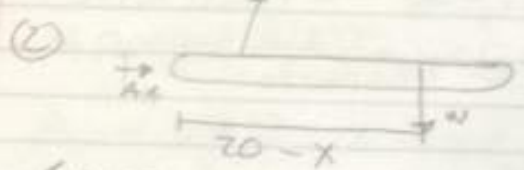
① $\tan \theta = \frac{c_0}{c_1} = \frac{1/16}{20} = 3.125 \times 10^{-3}$

$c = \sqrt{20^2 + (1/16)^2} = 20$ $\frac{20}{20} = \frac{1}{16}$

$\Delta c = \left(\frac{1/16}{20} \right) (3.125 \times 10^3) = 0.125$

$\int = \frac{PL}{AE} \Rightarrow P = \int AE = (0.125) (\pi \left(\frac{3}{32} \right)^2 (29 \times 10^6))$

$P = 200.18$ lb



$\sum M_A = 0$

$W = mg$

$W = 50 \text{ lb} \left(\frac{386.08 \text{ in}}{\text{s}^2} \right) = 19304 \text{ lb}_f$

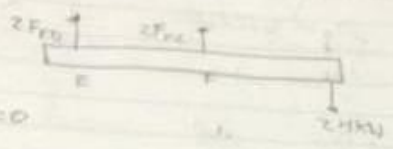
$\sum M_A = 0$

$(4 \text{ in}) (200.18 \text{ lb}) - (20 - x) (W) = 0$

$(4 \text{ in}) + (20 - x) = \frac{19304 \text{ lb}_f}{200.18 \text{ lb}}$

$x = 20 - 0.041417 \text{ in} = 19.95 \text{ in.}$

2.28 $E = 706 \text{ Pa}$
 $A = 10 \times 40$



① $\sum M_F = 0$

$$-(2F_{ED})(4\text{m}) - (24000)(.250\text{m}) = 0$$

$$-(24000)(.250) = 2F_{ED}(4\text{m})$$

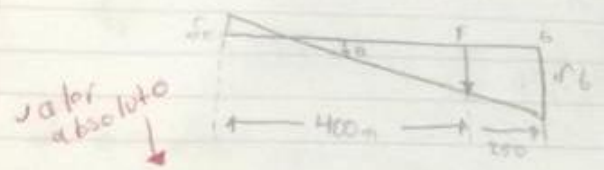
$$F_{ED} = -7500 \text{ N}$$

② $\sum F_{FC} = 0$

$$2F_{ED} + 2F_{EC} - 24 \text{ kN} = 0 \quad F_{EC} = 19500 \text{ N}$$

$$\delta_E = \frac{PL}{AE} = \frac{(-7500 \text{ N})(4\text{m})}{(1400 \times 10^6)(70 \times 10^6 \text{ Pa})} = -8.035 \times 10^{-5} \text{ m}$$

$$\delta_F = \frac{PL}{AE} = \frac{(19500 \text{ N})(3\text{m})}{(1400 \times 10^6)(70 \times 10^6 \text{ Pa})} = 2.089 \times 10^{-4} \text{ m}$$



$$\theta = \frac{|\delta_E| + |\delta_F|}{L_{EF}} = \frac{8.0357 \times 10^{-5} + 2.0891 \times 10^{-4}}{0.400} = 725.23 \times 10^{-6}$$

$$\delta_B = \delta_F + L_{FB} \theta$$

$$\delta_B = \delta_F + L_{FB} \theta = 2.0893 \times 10^{-4} + (.200)(725.23 \times 10^{-6})$$

$$\delta_B = 340 \mu = 4$$